



MUNSON AND NAMARA

123 and 125 MAIN STREET.

THIS WEEK'S SPECIALTIES

You Always Find Our Goods Have all the Value We Claim for Them.

A LOT OF SAMPE FANS.

In this lot of Fans there are about 50 white and 30 black, they are all canvass or fine satin and part of them are hand painted, all worth at least 25, this week,

\$1 25.

5 pieces Check Cheviots, handsome styles 40 inches wide, worth 75 per yard, at

50 cts.

2 pieces All Wool Canvass Cloth, in black and navy blue, worth 75 per yard, at

37 1-2 cts.

10 Combination Suits, handsome colors, Tan, Brown and Blue, worth 13 50 each, at

7 50.

100 doz Ladies Hose, full regular made, ingrain colors, worth 40 cts per pair, at

25 cts.

20 doz Misses Hose, dark colors and black, sizes 5 to 8 1-2, worth from 50 to 68 cts per pair for the different sizes, all for the uniform price of

35 cts.

A Good Soliel Cloth wrap in all sized, trimmed in Lace and Beads, at

5 00.

One case New Crinkle Seersuckers at

7 1-2 cts

AGENTS FOR BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS

—AND—

Foster's Kid Gloves.

MUNSON AND NAMARA

A GREAT REVOLUTION

Is Going on in Business With Radically Conflicting Reports of

Serious Losses at Some Localities and Wonderful Gains at Others.

The Interstate Law Proving a Great Perplexity, Helping Some Opponents

And Injuring Others who Favored Its Enactment—Trade in Many Lines Greatly Embarrassed.

Quiet Market During the Month of April Favored Large Exports of Grain—A Decrease in Business Failures.

Weekly Trade Review.

New York, May 13.—R. G. Dunn & Co's weekly review says: A great revolution in business is going on, with radically conflicting accounts of serious losses at some localities and some branches, and of wonderful gains at other places, or in other departments of trade and industry. The difficulty of reaching just conclusions respecting the general tendency is much enhanced. The interstate act is but one of several causes which contribute to produce this revolution in business. Exaggeration is disclosed by the urgent demands for suspension or change of the law, especially from those who most favored its enactment. Serious diversion of trade from western cities which have been chief centers of distribution is in progress, and a multitude of smaller towns are reaping the benefit.

Western products do not as a rule gain anything in eastern markets, if wheat has advanced 5-10c since the act went into effect, corn and oats have declined a fraction, pork is about the same price, lard 1-2c lower, hogs 3-4c lower, and beef sells at the same price. The price of raw wool is 15c, but this change, like the rise in wheat, is clearly speculative, and therefore threatens a reaction through curtailment of demand.

Railroad building is not checked by the act as yet, and it is a probability that in many instances of centers of trade the law may tend to the building of numerous local roads and parallel rural lines.

The output of pig iron is again increased, reaching about 13,000 tons weekly. May first, but this is probably high water mark for the time, many furnaces in the Pittsburgh area having since banked because of the coke strike, while other eastern furnaces discontinue production on account of rates. Enormous imports also tend to depression. The lockout of stove molders has increased in importance and suspicion are growing that the iron turners desire, through a general suspension of work, to reach a higher rate of prices for products.

Exports of wheat in April were 632,401 bushels against 5,332,975 last week; with 55,500 barrels of flour against 709,028 of last year. Exports of bread stuff reached \$12,504,439 in value against \$11,959,948 last year, showing that the comparatively quiet market in that month favored large shipments. But prices have succumbed rapidly with sales of nearly 800,000 bushels in a week. Exports are checked, while the rate of seedling show an increase of acreage in Dakota and Minnesota.

The lumber trade shows an increase of demand with scarcity in some lines.

The business failures during the last seven days number 107 in the United States, 125 for Canada, 32 total, against 182 last week and 178 the corresponding week last year. Failures are decreasing in all parts of the country, except perhaps Canada and the provinces.

Condition of Western Cattle.

Boston, May 13.—The Commercial Bulletin publishes today a special report of the ranges and ranch cattle. The reports are furnished by special correspondents from thirteen different states and territories, covering the whole field. The conclusions arrived at indicate that the early reports of winter losses have been considerably exaggerated. The only territory where cattlemen suffered severe losses was in Montana, where the mortality proved to have been from 15 to 20 per cent, on the average. The losses in Colorado, Western Kansas and Nebraska were very light the past winter, running under 5 per cent on the average. Parts of Idaho and Wyoming suffered quite severely, particularly in the north-west sections, but the average losses in both territories were not excessive. Utah, New Mexico and Arizona were particularly fortunate. New Mexico correspondents write the loss does not exceed 3 per cent of the territories named. Texas reports cattle suffering because of the drought.

Officers Elect of the Y. M. C. A.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 13.—The international convention of Young Men's Christian Association has elected the following officers:

President—Hon. S. H. Blake of Toronto, Canada.

Vice presidents—Major General O. O. Howard of California, H. M. Wilcox of Vermont, E. E. Richardson of Missouri, L. C. Warner of New York, S. F. Hobbs of Alabama, C. W. Kaster of Texas, W. S. Woodbridge of Minnesota.

Secretaries—George T. Coxhead of Missouri, C. A. Maxwell of California, C. F. Eichel of Connecticut.

A Water Spout at Nickerson.

NICKERSON, Kan., May 13.—A special from Nickerson says: A large water spout burst near that city at 4 o'clock this afternoon and literally flooded the town in lower portions. The track was covered with water for miles out and the walk was floating. No special damage will result. The rain has been general throughout the western portion of the state. At this place it has been pouring down for six hours steadily, effectually settling the chinch bug. The wheat crop and all kinds of small grains are assured.

They Refuse to Comply.

CHICAGO, May 13.—The following notice was issued to each member of the Master Masons and Builders Association today:

CHICAGO, Ill., May 13.

Gentlemen—In pursuance of the following resolution adopted at a meeting of the association held Tuesday evening, May 10, you are hereby requested to stop all work on Friday night, May 13, and report to the executive committee.

Resolved, That we, the Master Masons and Builders Association, do hereby pledge ourselves to refuse to comply with the demand made by the brick layers and stone masons for the payment of wages on Saturday, and we furthermore bind ourselves on our honor to pay every second Monday or Tuesday, and that in case the brick layers or stone masons refuse to stop work or strike on any members of the Master Masons and Builders Association, that we will shut down all our work until said strike is over.

You are hereby requested to stop all work Friday night, May 13, and report to the executive committee.

Respectfully,
JOHN DOWNEY, Pres.

International S. S. Convention.

CHICAGO, May 13.—There promises to be a large assemblage at the International Sunday-school convention which is to be held at Battery D Armory in this city on the first, second and third of June. Eight thousand dollars will be placed in the hall and fully 1,800 delegates with a like number of alternates from all parts of the United States are expected, also from foreign countries. Nearly all the railroads have agreed to return those delegates, full attend, for one third fare, and the reduced return fare will be granted on the presentation of a certificate signed by B. F. Jacobs, chairman of the executive committee, who will furnish certificates on application to him at No. 99 Washington street, Chicago.

Special arrangements have been made for an excursion train from New England at a fixed rate—\$30 from Boston and return; also one from New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore at round trip rate of \$20 to \$25. The press will be furnished seats on application to Mr. Peter A. Rowe, chairman of the press committee, at No. 99 Washington street, Chicago.

Missouri Legislature.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., May 13.—The senate went through routine work and adjourned after the introduction of one bill. In the house Mr. Timmons, of Barton introduced a resolution that the speaker appoint only the committee of judiciary, on appropriations, internal improvements, on grossing and enrollment. After a long debate the resolution carried. A resolution was offered by Mr. Moore of Laclede, that it was the sense of the house that in the appointment of members of the internal improvement committee the political parties have representation in the same ratio that their members in the house bear to the members of the committee. After more debate, Mr. Harlan brought down the house by the introduction of a bill repealing the law forbidding the acceptance of free passes by members of the legislature and other state officers. After the report of the committee appointed to report the number of employees necessary for the special session, the house adjourned until 2 p. m. Monday.

A Second Nina VanZandt.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 13.—This city has a nearly parallel case to that of Nina VanZandt. W. T. Lavelle was convicted yesterday for robbing the Panhandle freight cars. During his trial a pretty girl named Vannie Hill, his affianced, sat by his side in court. This morning she applied for a license to marry him. The registrar refused to issue the license because Lavelle was in jail and could not be present when the license was granted. Miss Hill will now try to secure a new trial for her lover, so that he can be released from jail on bail, and thus be enabled to get a marriage license. Failing in this, she will patiently await the expiration of his term of imprisonment, which, it is thought, can not exceed three years, and marry him then. She is thoroughly determined to marry him sooner or later.

Fatal Ending of a Feud.

NEW YORK, May 13.—A special from Atlanta, Ga., says: While T. N. Burdette, a well known citizen, was sitting yesterday evening in front of Shepard's store in Senoal, Mr. L. W. Couch attacked and shot Burdette just above the hip. As he was preparing for a second shot Burdette sprung up and swinging his hatchet in his right hand, the pistol cracked and the ball went crashing into Burdette's body. Simultaneously with the shot Burdette sent the blade of the hatchet crashing into Couch's neck severing the jugular vein. Couch staggered from the sidewalk, then he fell in front of Smith's shop, where he fell upon his face dead. Both weapons died deadly work. An old feud was at the bottom of the affair.

Singular Case of Insanity.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., May 13.—James B. Matthews, alias James Merton, died in the county jail today. An affidavit of lunacy was made against him two weeks ago, and he has been confined since. He came of a good New York family. His brother, Arthur Matthews, now lives in New York city, corner of Oliver and Broadway. His complaint was a singular one. Matthews was a negro minstrel, engaged at Washington theater, this place. One of his feats consisted in turning a somersault from a table in the middle of a long, irregularly landing square on his head. This brought on mental derangement and epilepsy. The head, when examined, was a mass of bruises.

Sale of Short Horns.

JERSEYVILLE, Ill., May 13.—The great sale of short horn cattle by Col. Wm. H. Fulkerson, at Hazard Dell Farm, near Jerseyville, took place today, as advertised, and brought together 300 to 400 stock buyers from all parts of the state. A large pavilion with seats to accommodate the crowd was provided. The sale was conducted by C. G. July, auctioneer, and produced about \$4,000 for about forty mostly calves and yearlings. E. G. V. Starnard and J. A. Hill, of St. Louis, were on the grounds, the latter buying some of the herd. The bulls were well distributed over this and adjoining counties.

Came Home Rejoice.

SHELBYVILLE, Ill., May 13.—Last Jan. uary Richard Reberger, a naturalized citizen of the United States and a resident of Shelbyville, this (Shelby) county, visited Germany, his native land. Immediately upon his arrival there he was arrested for failure to serve in the German army, and was sentenced to a term of imprisonment. He called the United States consul to his rescue, and upon the demand of Secretary Baurer he was released, after six weeks' confinement. Reberger has returned home and entertains a high regard for his adopted country.

PACIFIC INQUISITORS.

The Congressional Investigating Committee Resume Catechizing Russell Sage.

That Gentleman in a Communicative Mood and Tells How He

Came into Possession of Bonds and Stocks Ad Libitum.

Witness Knew Much of Jay Gould's Methods Despite His Habit of Not Telling His Plans.

Judge Dillon Supplied a Link that Deponent's Memory Seemed to Have Lost; an Otherwise Complete Chain.

UNION PACIFIC INVESTIGATION.

Russell Sage Relates His Relation to the Railroads.

New York, May 13.—The session of the Pacific railway commission was resumed today with Russell Sage on the stand. He testified as follows:

"For my sixth interest in the St. Louis pool securities I paid \$300,230. Gould had five sixths of the pool. While Mr. Gould was in Europe he purchased of a Dutch syndicate a large amount of bonds and stock which I took at cost. Fourteen bonds of Denver Pacific, 3,590 shares of stock and 100 reorganization bonds for \$100,000. On the first of January, 1880, I owned 8,877 shares of Kansas Pacific stock and 14,700 shares of Union Pacific stock and besides these \$758,000 in Kansas Pacific consolidated bonds, \$181,000 in St. Joseph & Pacific, \$115,900 in Kansas & Nebraska, and \$94,000 in Denver & Boulder Valley. I bought St. Joseph & Western and Kansas & Nebraska in open market. I think that some of these bonds were exchanged for consolidated bonds. I knew that Jay Gould was a large holder in Kansas & Nebraska and St. Joseph & Western.

Mr. Sage remembered that he had moved the acceptance of Mr. Gould's resignation as director on the day of the consolidation. "I don't know that Mr. Gould was made a director on that same day after the consolidation. He remained a hard-working man for a number of years after that. I know Mr. D. D. Dodge and Mr. Solomon Humphreys and wrote a letter to both of them in October, 1879, with reference to the value of property in the west and the desirability of investments; also with reference to property consolidation of Union Pacific and Kansas Pacific. I think that Mr. Dillon and Mr. Ames signed the letter and possibly Jay Gould also signed it as he had \$17,000,000 in stock of the Union Pacific, and consequently had considerable interest, though I am sure he was like me, opposed to consolidation, for his real interest lay elsewhere.

A question concerning the figures in the report of Messrs. Humphreys and Dodge being exactly similar to those inserted in the articles in consolidation as tending to prove that Jay Gould and Sidney Dillon knew on January 18 just what appointments would be made, was answered by Judge Dillon. Mr. Sage being unable to give the information, Judge Dillon said that he thought he knew of it, but a day or two before, or probably on the same day of the consolidation.

The examination of Mr. Sage was continued in reference to the details of the consolidation meeting, of which he remembered very little though they made a majority of the motions. He was asked with reference to the whereabouts of Government Director Chadwick, who opposed the consolidation, and the commission was informed that he was dead. The witness was questioned with reference to the resignation of Jay Gould as director of the Union Pacific at the consolidation meeting, as he was with reference to a similar resignation in the Kansas Pacific meeting, but he testified that he was not sure. When asked if he could not ask him the day previous to move the acceptance of his resignation the witness said: "Mr. Gould is not in the habit of telling me of the doing of anything until it is done." Continuing, he testified: "I know that the Kansas Pacific company has been considering the desirability of purchasing a large number of the securities of the St. Joseph & Western, Kansas & Nebraska, St. Joseph bridge, etc. Most of these were understood to be furnished by Jay Gould, but I don't know that he resigned as a director to make this sale. I considered that this action was a most desirable one, even so far as my trusteeship of the consolidated mortgage was concerned, and experience has proven that to be so."

Witness was of the opinion that these securities were the exchange for the consolidated bonds or stocks of the Kansas Pacific at par, were owned by different parties, but the record of Comptroller Pink of the Union Pacific states that they were all sold by Mr. Gould, but Mr. Sage thought that Mr. Gould represented a great many holders of the debt, as the securities were largely and frequently dealt in. I think that the nomination of the securities of the Central Branch, continued Mr. Sage, purchased of Mr. Gould by the Kansas Pacific was made by the president, Sidney Dillon, with Mr. Gould. I was informed that it was a valuable piece of property and I think the purchase of its bonds at \$239 was a good investment. I don't think that it had paid any dividends in 1880, but understand it now pays 12 per cent or more. I presume its future value was anticipated in the transaction. The record shows that I approved of the prices paid for all these securities purchased of Gould. The fact that a piece of property does not return its first charges does not count. I know of vacant lots in this city that are worth \$400,000, the income from which does not pay the taxes; still they are valuable property for what they may bring in. I don't know what Mr. Gould paid for this stock. I knew it was valuable then and its value has increased until the present time."

Concerning the Kansas Central securities or the earning capacity of that company Mr. Sage knew very little. He had remained a director of the Union Pacific, but not being on the finance committee he did not examine into the matter carefully.

Since Die June 15.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 13.—June 15 has been fixed on as the date of adjournment of the legislature.

Caldwell Catching on.

CALDWELL, Kan., May 13.—One hundred teams and about five hundred men arrived here this morning to commence work on this end of the Rock Island in dead earnest. The city is full of life and bustle; business brisk and real estate booming.

Patriotic Utterances.

PHILADELPHIA, May 13.—An official circular from General Master Workman Powderly at Omaha, Neb., recommends that on Fourth of July members of Knights of Labor who there is an assembly in existence, hold demonstrations and celebrations in honor of the birth of the people's government. "In the line of march, on your stands and public places, use only one flag—the stars and stripes; show to the world that no matter where a Knight of Labor citizen was born he respects the United States flag. Show to the world that we are determined to find out what is wrong in our system of government and that we are equally as determined to right such wrongs as may exist by peaceful, legitimate means."

I desire also that the question of restoration of the people's lands to the care of the people be discussed. Pass resolutions declaring that the holders of from fifty to sixty million acres of public domain by aliens is sinful and un-American. Go further and demand that the alien landholder shall get his hold; pass resolutions declaring that every acre of land acquired by fraud, perjury or chicanery is an accursed and command that the thief be required to make restitution to the people; pass resolutions never to take your eyes off the land until good, plain, simple, honest laws shall govern the holding of land; whether the holder be rich or poor, individual or corporation. Make the land for the people under the people's laws, the question of the day. It was not for air, sunshine or water alone that our fathers fought; it was for land, and we must hold this land free from fraud and speculation, whether native or alien.

Earthquake in Mexico.

NOGALES, ARIZ., May 13.—The following dispatch was received from Governor Torres:

HERMOSEILLO, MEX., May 12.—Further advice continues to arrive slowly from the district of Montezuma and Arizpe, scenes of the earthquake disasters on the third instant, owing to the position of these districts, which is in the heart of the Sierra Madre range. A scientific commission has been dispatched to the scene by the state government.

The special officer whom Gov. Torres sent to the scene of the disasters from Ures Sunday noon returned from that place yesterday. He says the towns of Arizpe and Opito are completely destroyed. From thirty-five to forty people were buried in the ruins and thirteen severely injured. The towns of Granadas and Llaneros were greatly damaged and several people injured, but no loss of life reported although water has risen and the earth opened at various points. No volcanoes are visible. The district of Arizpe in northern Sonora suffered badly. The valley frontier was inundated by water and nearly all the houses on the frontier destroyed.

Slight Shock at Summerville.

CHARLESTON, S. C., May 13.—There was a slight shock of earthquake at Summerville and a slight rumbling at Charleston last night. The vibration was not greater than would be caused by a loaded wagon passing along the street.

Wholly Heterogeneous.

CHICAGO, May 13.—In connection with the alleged defalcation reported by the Associated Press some days ago to have occurred in the Will County National Bank, Mr. W. S. Brooks, president of the bank, telegraphs the Associated Press from Joliet, Ill., as follows:

"The bank examiner has just concluded his examination of the Will County National Bank, this city, and states that he finds its condition quite satisfactory and its affairs in better shape than when he last made his examination, and in this connection proposes for me to state that Henry C. Knowlton, late cashier of the bank, was not short in his accounts with the bank, nor was his father or any person for him, or on his account, required to be made up or pay any deficiency to the bank. His residence is here and he is at present at home with his family."

A Muted Castigation.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 13.—This afternoon a man of about 35 years, registered as A. B. Deihl, of Chicago, offered an insult to Miss Keyser, daughter of Representative Hiram M. Keyser, of Monmouth, at the Palace hotel, where Mr. Keyser lodges. The matter came to Mr. Keyser's attention, and this evening he met Deihl in the hotel corridor, and proceeded to punish him. Guests of the hotel rushed in, and separated them or it is believed Dr. Keyser would have killed the fellow. Deihl has left the hotel without his baggage and can not be found.

Splendid Coal Find.

MARKETVILLE, Kans., May 13.—The home company who have been prospecting for coal here have struck a thirty-three inch vein of coal at a depth of 231 feet. Arrangements are being made to develop this vein the drilling goes on to see what is below. The ground is in splendid condition here this spring and crops are in excellent condition; the acreage in corn is very large. Arrangements are now being made for a fifty thousand dollar water works and electric lights.

Longest Race on Record.

NEW YORK, May 13.—A race from New York to San Francisco, distance seventeen thousand miles, has been arranged between the clipper ships Semole and Charming. The vessels sail for the other side of the continent tomorrow. George Curtis' vessel will carry the sailing ship, and the Semole for the same place at the same time. The captain says that although his ship is not regularly entered in the race he is going to beat both the New York racers.

Killed by the Cars.

JACKSONVILLE, Ill., May 13.—Wm. J. Tilton, of Hamilton, Mo., fell from a freight train here last night and was horribly mangled by the wheels, causing his death. He was in charge of a shipment of cattle en route to Chicago, and upon arrival here attempted to descend from the train to a freight car with the above results. The coroner's jury exonerated the railroad employees from all blame. The remains were forwarded to Hamilton.

Shot Sesame.

CHICAGO, May 13.—A special from Lincoln, Neb., says: The board of railway commissioners of Nebraska forwarded communication to the general managers of the Burlington & Missouri River and Union Pacific railroads demanding that they at once cease discriminating against Lincoln and in favor of Omaha, Chicago or St. Louis freights.

CRIMES AND MISHAPS.

A Mother and Two Little Children Burned Near McKeesport, Pa.

Albert Turner, Jennie Bowman's Murderer, Sentenced to Hang July 1st.

Minneapolis Under the Ban of an Organized Band of Firebugs.

Henry C. Knowlton Declared Innocent of Alleged Defalcation to the Will County National Bank.

A Couple of Georgians Settle an Old Feud by Unceremoniously Killing Each Other—Casualties Elsewhere.

A Swindler in Hook.

CHICAGO, May 13.—T. S. Gardner and wife, proprietors of the Farm Journal and the Farm Album were before United States Commissioner Pettine this morning fraudulently using the mail. Gardner is said to have advertised that he would send the Farm Journal for a year together with a handsome book of engravings on receipt of 48 cents. When one sent the 48 cents he received a January copy of the paper, together with a book full of stock engravings, the total value being about 4 cents. He also received circulars, showing how he could easily make an enormous salary by getting up clubs. Every day's mail used to bring Gardner from 130 to 200 letters containing the names of subscribers including from two to twenty. Another feature was the promise in the advertisement that when the subscription list reached a certain number he would lend to any subscriber money at 4 per cent. A number of witnesses from all sections of the country were present and testified for the government. A postoffice inspector estimated the receipts of the firm at something like \$20,000.

Mother, Children and Home Burned.

PITTSBURGH, May 13.—A terrible accident occurred last evening at Coalville, a few miles from McKeesport which resulted in the burning to death of Mrs. Cook and her two little children and in the total destruction of the home. She was using petroleum oil to kindle a fire when the contents of the can were ignited and an explosion followed. The wind rushed out of the house with her clothing. In flames and perished in the yard. The house took fire and was consumed, and the two little children who were in it perished in the flames. A third child only escaped a similar fate by following her mother out of the house. The husband is a miner.

Jennie Bowman's Murderer.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 13.—Albert Turner one of the murderers of Jennie Bowman, has been indicted by the grand jury, tried under his confession of guilt and sentenced to be hanged on Friday, July 1st. William Patterson, jointly indicted with Turner, will have his trial on next Wednesday. Turner plead guilty this morning with above result. Patterson plead not guilty.

Minneapolis Incendiarian.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., May 13.—Several fires broke out last night, some of which are incendiary and led Mayor Ames to believe that a gang of fire bugs were organized for the purpose of burning the city. Accordingly early this morning the mayor directed policemen armed with Winchester rifles to guard the mills, lumber yards and factories.

Woman Burned Alive.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., May 13.—Cedar Lake shops of the Minneapolis & St. Louis railway were destroyed by fire this morning, together with a number of freight cars. Loss on shops, cars and contents \$75,000. Shortly after this, the boarding house on South Seventh avenue burned and Mrs. Matt Johnson was burned.

An Iowa Town Destroyed.

DEBQUE, Ia., May 13.—The entire business part of Earlville, a town of 1,000 inhabitants, 37 miles west of Dubuque, was wiped out by fire last night. Twenty business houses, four dwellings, one church and several barns were destroyed. Loss, \$150,000; insurance, \$35,000. Cause of fire unknown.

The Ocean King's Crew Safe.

PORT TOWNSEND, W. T., May 13.—All the crew of the Ocean King, burned and stranded on the coast Sunday last, arrived at this port. She was the largest American ship afloat, was 2,716 tons burden, and built at Kennebec, Maine, in 1874.

He Plead Not Guilty.

NEW YORK, May 13.—James Kearney, lawyer, surrendered himself to the authorities today. He plead not guilty to a charge of forgery for which a warrant was out for his arrest. He is said to have defrauded various people out of \$60,000.

New Gold Camp.

LAS CRUCES, N. M., May 13.—Parties who have lately returned from the new gold camp on the Rio Bonito, 125 miles northwest of here report that it has not been exaggerated. The ore body of the Hope mine is exposed 200 by 400 feet, opened with shafts 60 feet deep. It is estimated that there is \$1,250,000 worth of ore in sight, and the owner has a large force of men at work with very primitive machinery reducing it. It is fringed and yields from \$10 to \$20 in gold per ton. Plenty of water and lumber are near at hand. This camp was well prospected for silver, without success, and then abandoned, except by one prospector, R. C. Parsons, who still persevered and to whom is due the credit of this find. Many persons are flocking to the mines. New discoveries are constantly being made.

The Wool Growers.

ST. LOUIS, May 13.—The Wool Growers' Association recommended the appointment of a committee of five by the president to watch all state and national legislation and formulate measures for good and oppose all measures that tend to injure the production or manufacture of woolen goods. The convention adjourned sine die.

Prohibition in Texas.

DALLAS, Tex., May 13.—John B. Finch, chairman of the national committee of the Prohibition party, will come to Texas to stamp the state in favor of the adoption of the constitutional amendment. He is now flooding Texas with prohibition literature.